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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/764,128	01/19/2001	Koichi Kawamura	019519-287	8099
759	90 08/08/2003			
Platon N. Mandros BURNS, DOANE, SWECKER & MATHIS, L.L.P. P.O. Box 1404 Alexandria, VA 22313-1404			EXAMINER	
			FERGUSON, LAWRENCE D	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1774	
			DATE MAILÉD: 08/08/2003	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	09/764,128	KAWAMURA, KOICHI			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Lawrence D Ferguson	1774			
The MAILING DATE of this communi Period for Reply	cation appears on the cover sheet wi	ith the correspondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FO THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNIO - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this commu- If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30 - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statantal series of the period for reply is specified above, the maximum statantal series of the period for reply is any reply received by the Office later than three months after than the period for the period patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	CATION. of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a runication. o) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirt tutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON will, by statute, cause the application to become AB	reply be timely filed ty (30) days will be considered timely. ITHS from the mailing date of this communication. BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
1) Responsive to communication(s) file					
<u> </u>	2b) This action is non-final.				
3) Since this application is in condition closed in accordance with the practi Disposition of Claims					
4) Claim(s) 1 and 4-7 is/are pending in	the application.				
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1 and 4-7</u> is/are rejected.					
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restrict	tion and/or election requirement.				
Application Papers					
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the	Examiner.				
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are:	a) accepted or b) objected to by ti	he Examiner.			
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
11) ☐ The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a) ☐ approved b) ☐ disapproved by the Examiner.					
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.					
12) The oath or declaration is objected to	by the Examiner.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120					
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim	for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. §	§ 119(a)-(d) or (f).			
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:					
1. Certified copies of the priority of	documents have been received.				
2. Certified copies of the priority of	documents have been received in A	pplication No			
 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 					
	·				
 14) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application). a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received. 					
15) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for					
Attachment(s)					
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PT 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Pa	TO-948) 5) Notice of I	Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s) nformal Patent Application (PTO-152)			
S. Patent and Trademark Office PTO-326 (Rev. 04-01)	Office Action Summary	Part of Paper No. 8			

Page 2

Application/Control Number: 09/764,128

Art Unit: 1774

DETAILED ACTION

Response to Amendment

1. This action is in response to the amendment mailed May 27, 2003.

Claims 1 was amended rendering claims 1 and 4-7 pending.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 1 and 4-7 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Tashiro et al (U.S. 5,945,240) in view of Bhambra et al. (U.S. 6,105,500).
- 4. Tashiro discloses a direct imaging lithographic printing plate comprising a support and an image receiving layer provided thereon, said image receiving layer containing a binder and water soluble compound having hydrophilic functional groups capable of forming a chelate compound with metal ions (abstract and column 1, lines 27-29 and 53-62) where the chelates with metal ions are comprised of at least carboxylic acid group or a sulfonic acid group (abstract). Tashiro discloses surface roughness (column 2, lines 45-46 and column 5, line 56). Tashiro does not disclose the thickness of the image-receiving layer. Even though Tashiro is silent towards the thickness of the image-receiving layer, thickness is result effective and is therefore an

Application/Control Number: 09/764,128

Art Unit: 1774

optimizable feature. The thickness is optimizable as it directly affect the mechanical strength and durability of the printing plate. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to optimize the components because discovering an optimum or workable range involves only routine skill in the art. (See *In re Aller*, 105 USPQ 233 and *In re Boesch*, 617 F.2d (CCPA 1980)). Tashiro does not disclose the printing plate comprising a direct chemical bond from the layer having hydrophilicity and the support.

Bhambra teaches a lithographic printing plate comprising a support and an image layer having hydrophilicity (column 5, lines 8-32) where the hydrophilic layer adheres to the support by chemical bonds, where the layer comprises a polymer (column 7, lines 37-65). Tashiro and Bhambra are analogous art because they are from the same field of lithographic printing plates. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to include a chemical bond between the layer having hydrophilicity and the support of Tashiro because Bhambra teaches the chemical bond increases the wear resistance of the printing plate (column 7, lines 37-49).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 5. Claims 1 and 4-7 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Tashiro et al (U.S. 5,939,228) in view of Bhambra et al. (U.S. 6,105,500).
- 6. Tashiro discloses a direct imaging lithographic printing plate comprising a support and an image receiving layer provided thereon, said image receiving layer

Page 3

Application/Control Number: 09/764,128 Page 4

Art Unit: 1774

containing a binder and water soluble (hydrophilic) compound having hydrophilic functional groups capable of forming a chelate compound with metal ions (abstract and column 2, lines 30-45) where the chelates with metal ions are comprised of at least carboxylic acid group or a sulfonic acid group (abstract). Tashiro discloses surface roughness (column 20, line 56). Tashiro does not disclose the thickness of the image-receiving layer. Even though Tashiro is silent towards the thickness of the image-receiving layer, thickness is result effective and is therefore an optimizable feature. The thickness is optimizable as it directly affect the mechanical strength and durability of the printing plate. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to optimize the components because discovering an optimum or workable range involves only routine skill in the art. (See *In re Aller*, 105 USPQ 233 and *In re Boesch*, 617 F.2d (CCPA 1980)). Tashiro does not disclose the printing plate comprising a direct chemical bond from the layer having hydrophilicity and the support.

Bhambra teaches a lithographic printing plate comprising a support and an image layer having hydrophilicity (column 5, lines 8-32) where the hydrophilic layer adheres to the support by chemical bonds, where the layer comprises a polymer (column 7, lines 37-65). Tashiro and Bhambra are analogous art because they are from the same field of lithographic printing plates. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to include a chemical bond between the layer having hydrophilicity and the support of Tashiro because Bhambra teaches the chemical bond increases the wear resistance of the printing plate (column 7, lines 37-49).

Application/Control Number: 09/764,128 Page 5

Art Unit: 1774

Response to Arguments

- 7. Remarks made of rejection made under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Tashiro et al (U.S. 5,945,240) have been considered but are moot based on grounds of new rejection. Additionally, remarks made of rejection made under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Tashiro et al. (U.S. 5,939,228) have been considered but are moot based on grounds of new rejection.
- 8. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Page 6

Conclusion

9. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Lawrence Ferguson whose telephone number is (703) 305-9978. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday 8:30 AM - 4:30PM. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Cynthia Kelly can be reached on (703) 308-0449. Please allow the examiner twenty-four hours to return your call.

The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703) 872-9310 for regular communications and (703) 872-9311 for After Final communications. Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-2351.

Lawrence D. Ferguson

Examiner

Art Unit 1774

CYNTHIA H. KELLY SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER TECHNOLOGY CENTER 1700

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